

# AN-004 Customizing Yocto based BSPs

Targeted Hardware	<a href="#">phyBOARD-i.MX6 Mira</a>
Targeted Software	<a href="#">BSP Yocto Yogurt i.MX6 PD16.1.0 Release Notes</a>
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## Summary

Customizing a BSP to support a specific application is a common task in designing systems with PHYTEC SoMs. Describing custom hardware, adding packages to your BSP, and adding custom OS services to your BSP are just a few simple examples of customizing a BSP. Yocto enables customization through its meta-layer scheme. The BSP is described within these layers. Everything from where Yocto can find the source to how it builds the source and where it is deployed. Customizing a BSP is as simple as adding your own meta-layer. You can find pre-made layers [here](#) or you can find instructions on creating your own custom layer below. More specifically, this Application Note will guide you through customizing the device tree for the phyCORE-i.MX6.

## Creating your layer

As a reference point, this how-to will begin just before the Quickstart (also called BSP manual) instructs you to execute the 'bitbake <image\_name>' command. However, these instructions are relevant for both pre and post build environments.

Start by creating a development directory within \$YOCTO\_DIR

```
mkdir $YOCTO_DIR/development
```

With your environment variables sourced according to instructions in the respective Quickstart, create your meta layer skeleton and move it to the development directory with the following commands:

```
cd $YOCTO_DIR/build
yocto-layer create custom
mv meta-custom/ ../development/
```



### Naming your meta layer

The 'yocto-layer create' command will create a meta layer with the name specified after this command. It will automatically prepend the "meta-" string. meta-custom is used in this example but can be changed to suit your application.

Congratulations! You have just created a meta-layer. Now is a good time to add your work to a git repository:

### Add your new layer to a git repository

```
cd $YOCTO_DIR/development/meta-custom/
git init && git add . && git commit -s
```

## Configuring your layer

Each meta layer has its own configuration file, called "layer.conf". Configuring your layer will let Yocto know how it should deal with what's inside your layer. In this example, we will be defining custom hardware within meta-custom.

### Set the layer priority to override the meta-phytec recipes and configuration

meta-phytec contains machine configuration files that describe standard hardware. The machine configuration is where you define the device tree binary file, bootloader image, etc. You'll need to let Yocto know to use your machine configuration and not the machine configuration from meta-phytec. This is achieved by setting the BBFILE\_PRIORITY\_\* variable in meta-custom to something greater than that of the meta-phytec BBFILE\_PRIORITY\_\* priority. Use the command below to obtain the meta-phytec layer priority and use your favorite text editor to modify your layer's layer.conf file to reflect a higher priority than meta-phytec's.

#### Obtaining the BBFILE\_PRIORITY of meta-phytec

```
cat $YOCTO_DIR/sources/meta-phytec/conf/layer.conf | grep PRIORITY
```

```
user@ubuntu: /opt/PHYTEC_BSPs/imx6/development/meta-custom/conf$ cat /opt/PHYTEC_BSPs/imx6/sources/meta-phytec/conf/layer.conf | grep PRIORITY
BBFILE_PRIORITY_phytec = "20"
user@ubuntu: /opt/PHYTEC_BSPs/imx6/development/meta-custom/conf$ cat layer.conf
# We have a conf and classes directory, add to BBPATH
BBPATH .= ":{LAYERDIR}"

# We have recipes-* directories, add to BBFILES
BBFILES += "${LAYERDIR}/recipes-*//*/*.bb \
${LAYERDIR}/recipes-*//*/*.bbappend"

BBFILE_COLLECTIONS += "custom"
BBFILE_PATTERN_custom = "^${LAYERDIR}/"
BBFILE_PRIORITY_custom = "21"
user@ubuntu: /opt/PHYTEC_BSPs/imx6/development/meta-custom/conf$
```

### Create a custom machine configuration file

It is not required, although for this example we will be defining a custom machine configuration. This is done in your meta layers 'conf/machine' directory.

Create the machine directory and copy the standard machine configuration that closest describes your hardware into the machine directory



Standard PHYTEC machine configurations can be found in '\$YOCTO\_DIR/sources/meta-phytec/conf/machine'

```
mkdir $YOCTO_DIR/development/conf/machine
cp $YOCTO_DIR/sources/meta-phytec/conf/machine/<standard_machine_conf_name>.conf $YOCTO_DIR/development/meta-
custom/conf/machine/<custom_machine_conf_name>.conf
```

### Append the standard kernel recipe to add support for your custom machine

The kernel and bootloader Yocto recipes specify target machines that they are compatible with. Because we are creating a custom machine configuration, we need to add our machine to the kernel and u-boot recipes. This can be done by simply appending the existing kernel and bootloader recipes (\*.bb files).

First, you'll need to create a directory structure in your meta layer that matches the directory structure of the original recipe.



Kernel recipes are located in the following directory: \$YOCTO\_DIR/sources/meta-phytec/recipes-kernel/linux/

```
mkdir -p $YOCTO_DIR/development/meta-custom/recipes-kernel/linux/
```

The recipe append files (\*.bbappend) also need to be named similarly (with the exception of the .bbappend file extension). There can be multiple kernel recipes within the kernel recipes directory. There are a few methods to find which recipe Yocto is using to build the BSP, here is one method:

```
cd $YOCTO_DIR/build
bitbake-layers show-recipes | grep linux -A 10 | grep meta-phytec -B 5
```

The command above will list the kernel recipes within the meta-phytec layer. There should be only one recipe that is not "(skipped)". In this example, the recipe used by Yocto would be named "linux-mainline\_4.1.36-phy3.bb" (general format is: <name>\_<version>.bb).

```
user@ubuntu:/opt/PHYTEC_BSPs/imx6/build$ bitbake-layers show-recipes | grep linux -A 10 | grep meta-phytec -B 5
Parsing recipes..done.
linux-firmware:
  meta          1:0.0+gitAUTOINC+5f8ca0c1db
linux-libc-headers:
  meta          4.4
linux-mainline:
  meta-phytec   4.1.36-phy3
  meta-phytec   4.4.16-phy2 (skipped)
  meta-phytec   4.8-phy1 (skipped)
linux-ti:
  meta-phytec   4.4.19-phy2 (skipped)
linux-vanilla:
  meta-phytec   4.8.2 (skipped)
```

Now that we know the name of the original recipe we can create our \*.bbappend file.

```
cd $YOCTO_DIR/development/meta-custom/recipes-kernel/linux/
touch linux-mainline_4.1.36-phy3.bbappend
```

Use your favorite editor to add the following line to your \*.bbappend file. This will add machine compatibility, particularly the custom machine that was created earlier in the how-to, to the kernel recipe:

```
COMPATIBLE_MACHINE .= " |<custom_machine_conf_name>"
```



Do not include the file extension in the machine name.

## Append the standard bootloader recipe to add support for your custom machine

Similar to the kernel recipe, you will need to add your custom machine to the bootloaders list of compatible machines. The steps are the same as the kernel.

Create a directory structure in your meta layer that matches the directory structure of the original recipe.



Bootloader recipes are located in the following directory: \$YOCTO\_DIR/sources/meta-phytec/recipes-bsp/barebox

Your SoM BSP may support a different bootloader (such as u-boot). Check your BSPs release notes for details

```
mkdir -p $YOCTO_DIR/development/meta-custom/recipes-bsp/barebox/
```

The recipe append files (\*.bbappend) also need to be named similarly (with the exception of the .bbappend file extension). There can be multiple barebox recipes within the kernel recipes directory. There are a few methods to find which recipe Yocto is using to build the BSP, here is one method:

```
cd $YOCTO_DIR/build
bitbake-layers show-recipes | grep barebox -A 10 | grep meta-phytec -B 5
```

The command above will list the barebox recipes within the meta-phytec layer. There should be only one recipe that is not "(skipped)". In this example, the recipe used by Yocto would be named "barebox\_2016.11.0-phy4.bb" (general format is: <name>\_<version>.bb).

```
user@ubuntu:/opt/PHYTEC_BSPs/imx6/build$ bitbake-layers show-recipes | grep barebox -A 10 | grep meta-phytec -B 5
Parsing recipes..done.
barebox:
  meta-phytec   2016.11.0-phy4
  meta-phytec   2016.07.0-phy3 (skipped)
barebox-ipl:
  meta-phytec   2016.07.0-phy3 (skipped)
barebox-targettools:
  meta-phytec   2016.07.0-phy3 (skipped)
  meta-phytec   2016.11.0-phy4 (skipped)
```

Now that we know the name of the original recipe we can create our \*.bbappend file.

```
cd $YOCTO_DIR/development/meta-custom/recipes-bsp/barebox/
touch barebox_2016.11.0-phy4.bbappend
```

Use your favorite editor to add the following line to your \*.bbappend file. This will add machine compatibility, particularly the custom machine that was created earlier in the how-to, to the barebox recipe:

```
COMPATIBLE_MACHINE .= " |<custom_machine_conf_name>"
```



Do not include the file extension in the machine name.

## Updating the list of layers that Yocto builds

Copy the bblayers.conf.sample in meta-phytec to your meta layer's 'conf' directory and add your layer to the list of layers. Add this file to your meta-custom git repo.

### bblayers.conf directory path

```
cp $YOCTO_DIR/sources/meta-phytec/conf/bblayers.conf.sample $YOCTO_DIR/development/meta-custom/conf
```

```
user@ubuntu:/opt/PHYTEC_BSPs/imx6/development/meta-custom/conf$ cat bblayers.conf
# POKY_BBLAYERS_CONF_VERSION is increased each time build/conf/bblayers.conf
# changes incompatibly
POKY_BBLAYERS_CONF_VERSION = "2"

BBPATH = "${TOPDIR}"
BBFILES ?= ""

OEROOT := "##OEROOT##"
BBLAYERS ?= " \
    ${OEROOT}/meta \
    ${OEROOT}/meta-poky \
    ${OEROOT}/../meta-phytec \
    ${OEROOT}/../meta-yogurt \
    ${OEROOT}/../meta-openembedded/meta-oe \
    ${OEROOT}/../meta-openembedded/meta-networking \
    ${OEROOT}/../meta-openembedded/meta-python \
    ${OEROOT}/../meta-openembedded/meta-multimedia \
    ${OEROOT}/../meta-qt5 \
    ${OEROOT}/../meta-openembedded/meta-ruby \
    ${OEROOT}/../meta-custom \
"
```

## Adding your custom machine to the local.conf file

Copy the local.conf.sample file in meta-phytec to your meta layer's 'conf' directory and specify your custom machine name in the local.conf.sample file. Add this file to your meta-custom git repo.

```
cp $YOCTO_DIR/sources/meta-phytec/conf/local.conf.sample $YOCTO_DIR/development/meta-custom/conf
```

```
user@ubuntu:/opt/PHYTEC_BSPs/imx6/build/conf$ cat local.conf | grep MACHINE
MACHINE ?= "custom-phyboard-mira-imx6-10"
```

## Customize your layer

Now that you have configured your meta layer, you can start adding customizations. Any customizations to the standard BSP should be implemented in your custom meta layer. For this example we will create a custom device tree.

Specific instructions on customizing the device tree can be found [here](#).

## Adding a kernel patch to your meta layer

Once you have the kernel patch, you can place it into the \$YOCTO\_DIR/development/meta-custom/recipes-kernel/linux directory. You will need to add the following two lines to your kernel append recipe in your layer:

```
FILESEXTRAPATHS_prepend := "${THISDIR}/:"  
SRC_URI += "file://custom_device_tree.patch"
```

The first line tells Yocto to look in the the directory that the file exists for files that need to be processed by Yocto (i.e. patch files). The second line identifies the file to be processed by Yocto. In this case, Yocto will identify this as a patch file and apply the patch to the source before building.

## Customizing the machine configuration file

Be sure to specify your custom device tree binary file in the custom machine configuration that was created earlier:

```
user@ubuntu: /opt/PHYTEC_BSPs/imx6/sources/meta-custom/conf/machine$ cat custom-phyboard-mira-imx6-10.conf  
#@TYPE: Machine  
#@NAME: phyboard-mira-imx6-10  
#@DESCRIPTION: i.MX6 Quad, 1GB RAM, NAND with PEB-WLBT-01(Wifi)  
#@ARTICLENUMBERS: PB-01501-004.A1, PBA-C-06-002.A2, PCM-058-33230C0I.A3  
#@SUPPORTEDIMAGE: phytec-qt5demo-image  
#from http://www.phytec.de  
  
require conf/machine/include/phyimx6qdl.inc  
  
SOC_FAMILY .= ":mx6q"  
SOC_FAMILY .= ":phyboard-mira-imx6"  
  
# Kernel  
KERNEL_DEVICETREE = "imx6q-phytec-mira-rdk-custom.dtb"  
  
# Barebox Config  
BAREBOX_BIN = "images/barebox-phytec-phycore-imx6q-som-emmc-1gib.img"  
  
MACHINE_FEATURES += "resistivetouch pci can wifi"  
  
SERIAL_CONSOLES = "115200;ttymxc1"
```

## Automating your build

Copy the manifest file from your \$YOCTO\_DIR/.repo/ directory to \$YOCTO\_DIR/development/manifest/

Commit the standard manifest to git.

## Adding your layers repository to the manifest

Modify your manifest to add source repositories for your custom meta-layer.

- Remote
  - fetch - URL of a git remote
  - name - Give your remote repository a name to be used within this manifest
- Project
  - name - the name of the remote repo
  - path - path to deploy your meta layer (for this example, should be sources/meta-custom)
  - remote - name of the git remote that was create above in the manifest
  - revision - specify a branch, commit ID, etc. for the source

```
<xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>
<manifest>
  <phytec pdn="PD16.1.0" release_uid="BSP-Yocto-i.MX6-PD16.1.0" soc="iMX6" />

  <remote fetch="git://git.phytec.de" name="git.phytec" />
  <remote fetch="git://github.com" name="github" />
  <remote fetch="git://git.openembedded.org" name="oe" />
  <remote fetch="ssh://git@git.phytec.de" name="ssh.phytec" />
  <remote fetch="git://git.ti.com" name="ti" />
  <remote fetch="git://git.yoctoproject.org" name="yocto" />
  <remote fetch="URL to your git remote" name="custom" />

  <default remote="git.phytec" revision="krogoth" sync-j="8" />

  <project name="meta-openembedded" path="sources/meta-openembedded" remote="oe" revision="55c8a76da5dc099a7bc3838495c672140cedb78e" />
  <project name="meta-phytec" path="sources/meta-phytec" revision="refs/tags/2.1.2-phy4" />
    <copyfile dest="tools/init" src="scripts/init" />
  </project>
  <project name="meta-qt5/meta-qt5" path="sources/meta-qt5" remote="github" revision="2b1871f0d139dc3caaa779a32a1931409c245a36" />
  <project name="meta-yogurt" path="sources/meta-yogurt" revision="refs/tags/2.1.2-phy4" />
  <project name="poky" path="sources/poky" remote="yocto" revision="refs/tags/yocto-2.1.2" />
  <project name="<Name of your remote git repo>" path="sources/meta-custom" remote="custom" revision="master" />
</manifest>
```

Commit and push your changes to a remote repository.

## Building your custom BSP

Use the 'repo' command to initialize a repo in a clean directory and 'repo sync' to download the contents of the manifest.

```
repo init -u <URL to your remote repo containing custom manifest file> -b <branch that contains your custom
manifest> -m <your custom manifest's file name>.xml
repo sync
```

Set up your environment and source environment variables with the following command:

```
TEMPLATECONF=$YOCTO_DIR/sources/meta-custom/conf MACHINE=custom-phyboard-mira-imx6-10 source sources/poky/oe-
init-build-env build
```